PART 1 - MOTION PLANNING

APPLICATIONS TO COMPUTER ANIMATION



[KUFFNER 98] GRID-BASED PLANNING

CHARACTER ANIMATED BY MOTION CAPTURE CYCLES

MOTION IS PLANNED FOR A BOUNDING BOX

ENVIRONMENT IS DISCRETIZED WITH A GRID

A* IS USED TO FIND A COLLISION FREE PATH

PLANNED TRAJECTORY SERVES AS INPUT TO CONTROL THE BOUNDING SHAPE







Kuffner, J. J. (1998). Goal-directed navigation for animated characters using real-time path planning Modelling and Motion Capture Techniques for Virtual Environments (pp. 171-186). Springer, Berlin,

[CHOI 03] PLANNING BIDEP LOCOMOTION

PRM-LIKE APPROACH FOOT PRINTS ARE CONFIGURATIONS **ENVIRONMENT IS SAMPLED WITH** FOOTPRINTS Edge are added between 2 connectible FOOTPRINTS EACH EDGE MATCHES A MOTION CAPTURE CLIP A SOLUTION PATH IS A SEQUENCE OF MOTION CAPTURES MOTION IS SMOOTHED FOR CONTINUITY

Choi, M. G., Lee, J., & Shin, S. Y. (2003). Planning biped locomotion using motion capture data and roadmaps. *ACM Transactions on Graphics (TOG)*, *22*(2), 182-203.



[ZHUANG ET AL. 05] MOTION PROGRAMMING





Zhuang, Y., Xiao, J., Wu, Y., Yang, T., & Wu, F. (2005). Automatic generation of human animation k motion programming. *Computer animation and virtual worlds*, *16*(3-4), 305-318.

[LAU ET AL. 05]



THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE TREE IS GUIDED BY THE GOAL

> CAN PROVIDE EXACT TIME PARAMETERIZATION

CAN LIMITEDLY CONSIDER DYNAMIC ENVIRONMENTS Visualization of search tree



Lau, M., & Kuffner, J. J. (2005, July). Behavior planning for character animation. In *Proceedings of the 2* SIGGRAPH/Eurographics symposium on Computer animation (pp. 271-280). ACM.

[KALLMANN 08] GRASPING



EDGE COST ALSO DEPENDS ON COMFORT

ON-LINE: PATHS ARE TESTED AGAINST ENVIRONMENT OBSTACLES TO PLAN GRASPING MOTIONS



Kallmann, M., Aubel, A., Abaci, T., & Thalmann, D. (2008, August). Planning collision-free reaching mc interactive object manipulation and grasping. In ACM SIGGRAPH 2008 classes (p. 58). ACM.